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| Stephenson, Sam (1933-2006) |
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| Sam Stephenson was a controversial Irish architect whose work throughout the 1970s and 1980s sparked debates about Brutalist architecture and planning regulations. His best known works included large scale developments for banks, civic and commercial offices in Dublin, often accompanied by protests about the destruction of existing architecture and archaeology. His headquarters for the Electricity Supply Board is a horizontal Miesian design (see Fig. 1), but is more notorious for levelling the central section of Dublin’s Georgian Mile. Only two of his four monumental towers for Dublin Corporation Civic Offices were built, due to the discovery of extensive Viking remains on the site and subsequent popular protests (see Fig. 2 & 3). The Central Bank of Ireland tower was unashamed in its use of unadorned structure (see Fig. 4), with concrete slabs suspended from twin central cores, sparking controversy about planning height regulations in Dublin’s historical centre. |
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| Further reading:  (Rowley)  (Stephenson, Sam)  (Number 31 Dublin: Boutique Guesthouse Accomodation ) |